



**MAY YOUR ARROW ALWAYS FIND THE MARK!**

**Bow Building Supplies Warranty**

Bow Building supplies have **NO** warranty once you start work on the bow or use a tool on the bow.

**Return Policy**

Please contact store where you purchased your bow.

**Steps to finish a U Finish Longbow**

1. Start with a heavy grit sandpaper or rasp and sand down the rough edges of the handle and arrow rest. 60 Grit , 80 Grit
2. Sand the entire bow with 120 or 150 Grit including string grooves
3. Raise the grain by running a wet rag over the entire bow and let dry
4. Sand the entire bow with 220 Grit including string grooves
5. Sand the entire bow with 320 Grit including string grooves
6. Wipe of any sawdust
7. (Optional) Stain the bow with desired stain
8. Seal bow with bow with your choice of sealer: polyurethane, Tru-Oil, varnish, etc.
9. In between coats you can lightly sand with 320 grit or 0000 steel wool

**Safety**

This is a weapon and is dangerous. Do not, under any circumstance, aim at other people or fire in a direction where people are or may be present. Make sure the area is clear before releasing an arrow and make sure to check and comply with all applicable laws and ordinances in your local area.

**Basics of the Bow String**

The string should be checked frequently for wear, especially at the nocks and the nocking point. Wax you bowstring with bees wax 1x per month

**Basics of Bow Care**

- Always use a bow stringer
- Never pull a bow beyond its stated draw length
- Example: 40#@28” indicates that the bow pulls forty pounds at twenty-eight inches
- Never shoot a bow without an arrow - this is called dry firing
- Always use a feathered arrow, preferably of wood, and check frequently for cracks and loose feathers to prevent injury to the bow hand
- Draw and release should be done in one smooth motion, holding the bow at full draw for no more than one or two seconds
- Never store your bow in a hot place, room temperature is appropriate
- Never string the bow backwards
- Do not let the bow stay wet – always wipe it off
- Always store the bow either lying flat or hang by the bowstring
- Never let the bow strung for more than 8 hours at a time
- Wax the bow 2 x per year with paste wax, especially if you live or hunt in a humid area
- Do not press or push the tips of the bow into the ground as this will weaken the bow and possibly break the tip

**Basics of Bow Brace Height**

Brace height (the distance from the back of the bow to the string) should be between six and eight inches. To increase brace height, simply remove the string from the lower limb and twist counter clockwise. Adjust the brace height to your desired size to avoid string slap and vibrations.